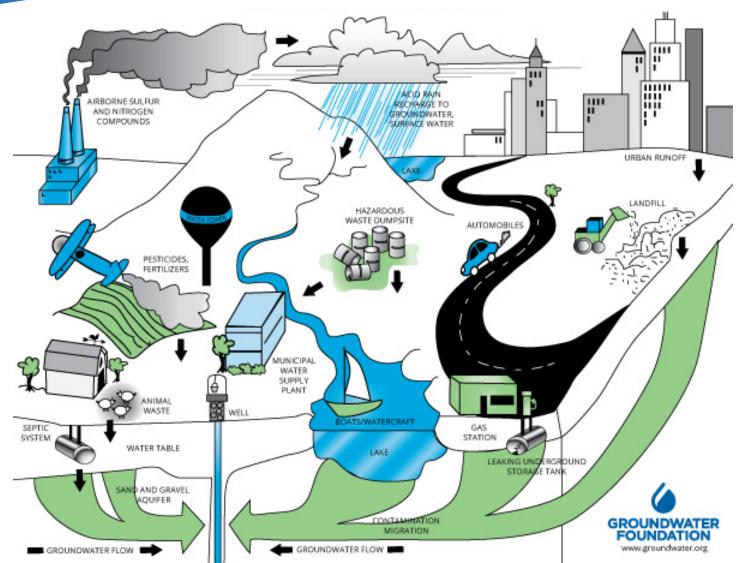




Sources of Groundwater Contamination





Potential Impacts of Unmanaged Stormwater

Changes In:

- Infiltration to ground water
- Stream hydrology
- Watershed hydrology
- Stream morphology
- Riparian zone habitat
- Water quality
- Aquatic habitat and ecology
- Aquatic ecosystem



FEDERAL

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)

- Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4)
- Construction Generic Permit (CGP)
- Multi-Sector Generic Permit (MSGP)

STATE

Environmental Resource Permitting (ERP)

 Regulates activities in, on, or over surface waters or wetlands...as well as any activity involving the alteration of surface water flows.



Stormwater Aspects

PERMITTING

- Narrative nutrient limits in the form of stormwater BMPs
- TMDL implementation for areas with BMPs
- Reporting requirements
- Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

COMPLIANCE

- Inspections operation and implementation of BMPs and outfall locations
- Report review
- Rebuttable presumption –
 systems designed in
 accordance with criteria
 and requirements will not
 cause harm to water
 resources



Environmental Resource Permitting (ERP)

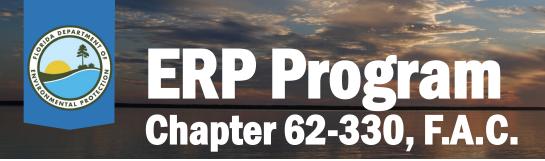
Covers collection through treatment (including use or reuse) with design focus on water quality and quantity (considering flooding, over-drainage, environmental degradation, water pollution)

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

 Single-family homes, stand-alone dredging projects, port projects, beach projects, mangrove trimming

Water Management Districts

 Multi-residential development, roadways, commercial development, and shoreline work related to one of these categories



Environmental Resource Permitting

- State-level regulatory program established under Florida Law (Chapter 403 and Part IV of Chapter 373, F.S.).
- Established in 1995 from merger prior MSSW and Dredge and Fill programs.
- Functionally "linked" with management of state-owned ("sovereignty") submerged lands, including Aquatic Preserves (under Chapters 253 & 258, F.S.).
- Incorporates review of water quality certification (under s. 401 CWA) and coastal zone consistency concurrence (under FCMP) – needed by USACE.
- Robust and comprehensive program.
- Jointly implemented by DEP, WMDs and delegated programs.



Performance Standard for New Stormwater Discharges

- Erosion and sediment control
 - Retain sediment on-site
 - Can't violate turbidity standard
- Stormwater quantity
 - Discharge rate WMD or local standards
 - Volume control
- Stormwater quality examples
 - 80% average annual load reduction
 - 95% average annual load reduction
 - Basin specific requirements



ERP Stormwater Basics

Key elements of ERP stormwater:

- Systems designed (and built) in accordance w/rules receive "rebuttable presumption: of compliance w/WQ standards.
- Each WMD establishes treatment and attenuation criteria (including special basins) within its boundaries (Volume II's).
- Performance-based design requirements (e.g. 80/95% TSS removal).
- Common elements (1" vs. ½", +50%, 72 hours, 25/24, pre- vs. post-, etc.).
- Typical designs are "dry" retention or "wet" detention, with differing criteria for each.
- Less-common designs include RIBs, exfiltration, swales, etc.
- Novel designs may be reviewed, if they provide reasonable assurance...



Federally delegated to Florida

- Phase I MS4s
 - Incorporated municipalities or counties of population 100,000+
 - May include smaller municipalities with interconnected SW areas
- Phase II MS4s
 - Urbanized areas of population 1,000+
 - Can also be designated by DEP based on interconnections, discharges to TMDL waterbodies, or population density and thresholds



MS4 Permit Conditions

Permittees are required to implement a Stormwater Management Program (SWMP) to reduce discharge of pollutants from the MS4 to Waters of the State to the maximum extent practicable through best management practices (BMPs), such as:

- Operate and maintain the Stormwater Collection System
- Practice good housekeeping at permittee facilities and projects
- Inspect facilities/areas that may contribute pollutants, including industrial and construction sites; have legal authority to prohibit discharges, inspect sites, and perform enforcement
- Public and community outreach and education
- Address Total Maximum Daily Loads
- Evaluate SWMP effectiveness



CGPs & MSGPs & NEXs

CGP	MSGP	NEX
 1+ Acre disturbance Discharge/outfall Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans 	 Industrial activities Discharge Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans 	 No Exposure Exclusion Certification Exempt from SWPPPs, monitoring
 Implement BMPS: erosion, waste, sedimentation, control Monitoring 	 Implement BMPS: erosion, waste, sedimentation, control Monitoring 	



Regulated Industrial Activities (MSGP Areas)

- Sector A: Timber Products
- Sector B: Paper Products
 Manufacturing
- Sector C: Chemical Manufacturing
- Sector D: Asphalt Paving
- Sector E: Glass, Clay, Cement, Man.
- Sector F: Primary Metals
- Sector G: Metal Mining
- Sector H: Coal Mines
- Sector I: Oil and Gas Extraction
- Sector J: Mineral Mining & Dressing
- Sector K: Hazardous Waste Facilities
- Sector L: Landfills
- Sector M: Auto Salvage Yards
- Sector N: Recycling Facilities
- Sector O: Power Plants (Steam)

- Sector P: Land Transportation
- Sector Q: Water Transportation
- Sector R: Ship & Boat Building
- Sector S: Air Transportation
- Sector T: Treatment Works
- Sector U: Food & Kindred Products
- Sector V: Textile Mills
- Sector W: Furniture & Fixtures
- Sector X: Printing & Publishing
- Sector Y: Plastics Manufacturing
- Sector Z: Leather Tanning & Finishing
- Sector AA: Fabricated Metal Products
- Sector AB: Transportation Equip.
- Sector AC: Electronic Goods
- Sector AD: Additional Activities



Six Major Types of Surface Water Management Systems



"Dry" Retention Ponds



"Wet" Detention Ponds



"Filtered" Ponds



Underground Exfiltration Trenches



Pervious Pavement



Underground Vaults

BMP Technology Examples

- Low Impact Development (LID)
- Pervious Pavement
- Green Roof & Cistern Systems
- Constructed Wetland & Marsh Systems
- Gross Pollutant Separators
- Trickling Filters used for Stormwater Treatment
 - Naples Airport Project



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